

TONOPAH DAILY BONANZA

Published every evening, Sunday excepted, by the Tonopah Bonanza Printing Co., Incorporated.

W. W. BOOTH, EDITOR AND MANAGER

Terms of Subscription by Mail for Daily Bonanza:

One Year	\$11.00	One Week	25c
Six Months	6.00	One Month	3.00
Three Months	3.00	Three Months	1.00

Delivered by Carrier, \$1.25 per Month.

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.

Entered at the postoffice in Tonopah as second class matter.

GETTING RID OF THE REDS.

Deportation may be one way to dispose of the radicalism which is sweeping the country through encouragement from the fountain-head of government, but that circumstance does not satisfy those who remain at home that the administration at Washington is actually intent on eradicating the evil which has fastened itself on the vitals of the nation. It must be conceded that the line of cleavage was only begun when a republican congress developed the fact that the reds had been operating under democratic protection with headquarters at Ellis Island from which they were dislodged when public opinion was massed against the authorities who winked at constant infractions of the law.

The bolsheviks, the I. W. W. and kindred apostles of unrest have been quoting President Wilson in support of their propaganda against orderly government. Now they have an apt quotation offered them from the writings of Attorney General Palmer, who is particularly charged with support of the government, prosecution of offenders and preservation of law and order. In his report Mr. Palmer says that "it is clearly recognized that the present unrest and tendency toward radicalism arises from social and economic conditions that are of greater consequence than the individual agitators." If that sentence means anything at all, it means that social and economic conditions in this country are worse than the agitators and that bolshevism is justified as a means of escaping from these terrible economic and social conditions.

What can Mr. Palmer say if the next batch of socialistic literature bears on its front cover the above quotation from his report? What can he say if the apostles of unrest are brought into court and set up in their defense that they are merely trying to cure the awful social economic conditions which Mr. Palmer has portrayed? Mr. Palmer says that these conditions are clearly recognized. By whom? Are they recognized by the hundreds and thousands of wage-earners, who, according to merchants in all parts of the country, will not be satisfied to buy ordinary substantial clothing but demand expensive silk shirts, shoes, clothing, etc? Are they recognized by men who demand a six-hour day, a five-day week and a 60 per cent increase in pay? Are they recognized by the government statisticians who are ready to demonstrate that America is now enjoying the greatest industrial, commercial and financial prosperity in its history? Is the present unrest and tendency toward radicalism to find authoritative justification in the department of justice?

MINE WORKERS DISSATISFIED.

Apparently the settlement of the coal strike announced with such a flourish of trumpets by the administration, does not meet with the unqualified approval of the miners, who are called in special convention next month to consider the action by which they were induced to return to their labors. Mine operators declare that they were not parties to the settlement and that they will never accept the 14 per cent advance unless the increased cost is passed on to the consumer. That is precisely the objection Dr. Garfield had to the secret settlement effected through the backdoor of the White house.

The president's attorney general denounced the strike as unlawful and secured an injunction against it. Mr. Palmer declared that "The coal strike is a plain violation of a federal statute." All I can say is that the law will be enforced. The miners refused to go back to work and the president negotiated with them until they secured terms satisfactory to them when their leaders advised the miners to return to the production of coal.

President Wilson can now take the choice of a plain alternative. Either he was incorrect in declaring the strike unlawful, or he has been guilty of compromising with lawlessness. Compromise with government with a criminal is nothing short of surrender. Federal Judge Anderson, of the Indiana circuit court, is not going to accept orders from the attorney general about dismissing contempt proceedings initiated in his court, for he has taken steps to demonstrate that the law is something more than an effigy to be set up and knocked down at the behest of politicians. He insists on a vindication of the mandate of his court.

TISSUE OF MISREPRESENTATION.

Another bald faced falsehood to cover up the treachery of the Mexican authorities has been exposed. Frederick Hugo, the American rancher, who was captured and liberated by Villistas, now, it appears, must come through with a ransom secured by his property in Mexico. He was released with the understanding that he would raise the money, a fact that must have been made known to the state department which admits the truth of the demand without making any pretext to apologize for the lymphatic and spineless attitude of the Wilson administration which appears afraid to raise the issue in a direct demand upon our Latin neighbors and continues demobilizing army and navy to a tenuous thread of their former strength. The situation in which this country permits its fighting men to be placed may be better appreciated by scanning the dispatches telling of the imprisonment of American sailors at Mazatlan for participating in a street brawl in which they are made to appear as aggressors. If the evidence were brought forward the chances are that it would disclose that the blue-jackets were simply resisting an attack and fighting in defense of their flag and country. So far as reports from Washington go there is no effort to arrive at the true situation and the men wearing Uncle Sam's uniform must remain in a filthy fever-laden pesthole of a Mexican prison while the powers at Washington are hemming and hawing about diplomatic rights.

FINAL DETERMINATION.

The next step toward settling the right of the nation to interfere with state rights will have an airing in the United States supreme court when the suits filed by Rhode Island and New Jersey liquor dealers call for a final determination of whether a law is to be foisted on a commonwealth without a referendum vote. This will bring the prohibition amendment before the public

in its proper light. Ohio has shown what the voters think of the proposed infliction of a national dry law and other states may take courage and insist on a popular vote before acceptance of the dry declaration.

AMERICAN ATHLETES FOR ANTWERP GAMES

(By Associated Press)
STANFORD UNIVERSITY, Calif., Dec. 22.—The American teams entered in the Olympic games at Antwerp in 1920 will have a much harder road to travel in all branches of sport than they did at the inter-allied games, according to H. Wilfred Maloney, who acted as coach and trainer for the American track and field team at the inter-allied games.

"The nations competing will have had time to gather together their best athletic blood that was fortunate enough to come through the great war," said Maloney in a review of the prospects at the games. "Much young talent will have been unearthed and developed—quite a little of it by American coaches who stayed in Europe to assist different nations in preparing for the 1920 Olympic games."

"Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Finland were not hit by the war, that is, from an athletic standpoint, and will be the biggest contenders for athletic supremacy. England, France and the British colonies will have to be reckoned with, the latter chiefly with individual stars, especially in track and field events. France, Belgium and Italy will no doubt excel in team competition, such as fencing, and probably horse-manship; England and France, in rugby and soccer football; Australia and New Zealand in rowing; America, in rifle and pistol competition, also in swimming."

"America will, of course, again excel in track and field events, not excepting Sweden or Finland, which will probably be a close second. At the last Olympic games, Finland took thirty-three points in track and field events. America has a huge army of track and field athletes to choose from, many of whom did not take part in the recent inter-allied games."

"The winning of the track and field events, however, will not win the Olympic games for America. There will be some twenty-five or more standard athletic events in which we must be strongly represented, if we are to win the 'blue ribbon.'"

"If the members of our athletic

teams conduct themselves during the Olympic games at Antwerp—whether in victory or defeat—in the same manner as in the recent inter-allied games, the members of the League of Athletics will be drawn still closer together in a bond of friendship."

"Let me cite just one instance out of many that occurred at the inter-allied games. During the finals in the high-jump, 'Dink' Templeton of Stanford university, Rice of California university and Labat of France tied for second place. The Frenchman, however, 'pulled' a muscle on his last jump, which meant that he would not be at his best when the time came to jump off the tie. Only three places counted, first, second and third. Seeing that the Frenchman would be at a disadvantage on the re-jump, both Templeton and Rice decided to divide the points for second and third place with the Frenchman. Such a fine sense of sportsmanship is not something that makes a sport, but something that betters it."

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

Tonopah Gipsy Queen Mining Company.
Location of Principal Place of Business, and Location of Works, Tonopah, Nye County, Nevada.
Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Directors, held on the 20th day of November, 1919, an assessment (No. 13) of One (1) Cent per share was levied upon the capital stock of the corporation, payable immediately in United States gold coin, to the Secretary, at the office of the Company, Room 365 Russ Building, San Francisco, California.
Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the 22nd day of December, 1919, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before, will be sold on Tuesday, the 27th day of January, 1920, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with the cost of advertising and expenses of sale.
By order of the Board of Directors,
CHARLES D. OLNEY, Secretary.
Office Room 365 Russ Building, San Francisco, California.

WM. FORMAN WM. MCKNIGHT
FORMAN & MCKNIGHT
LAWYERS
318-319 State Bank Building
TONOPAH NEVADA

TRACK AUTO CAR "99"

CHANCE IN SCHEDULE FOR CHRISTMAS DAY ONLY

Leave Goldfield 10 a. m. instead of 9 a. m.
Leave Tonopah 2 p. m. instead of 4:30 p. m.

STEAM TRAIN

Leave Tonopah 8:30 a. m. Arrive Tonopah 7:25 p. m.
TONOPAH & GOLDFIELD RAILROAD

JOE IBERT

BENNY AMES

ALL KINDS OF SANDWICHES 25c

VALLEY VIEW BAR

Under New Management

FULL LINE OF SOFT DRINKS

CIGARS AND TOBACCO

Erie-Main Street

Tonopah, Nevada

ELY CLUB

The Right Place To Meet Your Friends

S. E. WILLIAMS, Proprietor

Main Street

Tonopah, Nev.

Nevada First National Bank of Tonopah

CAPITAL, \$100,000

THE TONOPAH BANKING CORPORATION

The Liberty Bond is Uncle Sam's Promise to Pay and He is Worth \$350,000,000,000

DIRECTORS—George Wingfield, H. G. Brougher, W. H. Doyle, Hugh M. Brown, Clyde A. Moller, J. B. Humphrey
E. W. BLAIR, Cashier.

SUMMONS

In the District Court of the Fifth Judicial District of the State of Nevada, in and for the County of Nye, Clementina Chopp, Plaintiff, vs. Steve Chopp, Defendant.
The State of Nevada sends greeting to said defendant, Steve Chopp. You are hereby summoned to appear within ten days after the service upon you of this summons if served in said county, or within twenty days if served out of said county but within said Judicial District, and in all other cases within forty days, (exclusive of the day of service,) and defend the above entitled action. This action is brought to dissolve the bonds of matrimony existing between you and the plaintiff upon the grounds of extreme cruelty and for equitable relief as more particularly described in the complaint filed in said action.
Dated Oct. 11, 1919.

L. E. GLASS, Clerk.
(Court Seal) M. J. SCANLAN, Plaintiff's Attorney.
Date of first publication Nov. 14, 1919.

H. R. COOKE

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Notary Public
Office now located on the fifth floor
State Bank and Trust Building
TONOPAH NEVADA

A NEW INVENTION

The Colon Motor

A mechanical massage-motor for vitalizing and stimulating the colon-muscles and vital organs, giving immediate relief and permanent benefit. Free to members.

FIREMEN'S GYM

Membership \$1.00 per month. Baths included.

For ARROWHEAD PROPERTIES

SEE

D. H. BUTLER

TONOPAH,
Or Address P. O. Box 1154,
Tonopah, Nevada.
I have a group of claims adjoining the Arrowhead Mining Company's original strike, and other properties.

NOTICE TO MOOSE

Secretary at Firemen's Gym
Telephone 1802

Verdi Lumber Company

Established 1902

CARRYING A FULL STOCK OF

Oregon Pine and Native Pine Mining Timbers

BUILDING MATERIAL OF ALL KINDS

PRICES RIGHT AND PROMPT DELIVERY

Yards and Office Below

Depot

TELEPHONE 1827

UNITED PACKING & CATTLE COMPANY

Sheldest Cuts of Beef, Pork, Veal and Mutton
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Phone 1162—Quick Delivery

Tonopah, Nev.

Outfit for the Hills

PICKS, SHOVELS, DRILL STEEL, POWDER, CAPS, FUSE, SINGLE AND DOUBLE JACKS, ALL MANNER OF COOKING UTENSILS, FORGES, MORTARS AND PESTLES, GOLD PANS, ETC.

TONOPAH HARDWARE CO.

Reduced Rates

For Cooking and Heating Service

Effective March 1st, 1919

For the first 50 k.w.h. per month @ 8c per k.w.h.

For the next 50 k.w.h. per month @ 6c per k.w.h.

In excess of 100 k.w.h. per month @ 5c per k.w.h.

The Nevada-California Power Co.

Popular Prices and Service are the demands of the day

THAT'S WHY

HOTEL SUTTER

San Francisco

is patronized by the discriminating Management
GEORGE WARREN HOOPER.

A. H. ELFTMAN

Consulting Geologist and Mining Engineer
195-407 State Bank Building
Tonopah, Nevada
Phone: Office, 3123; Res. 284

MILTON M. DETCH

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Tonopah Office: Rooms 208-209 State Bank Building
Goldfield Office: 201-202
Tjys & Ormady Court.

Divide Brokerage Company

Rapid Returns and Prompt Settlements

If you want the latest news about Mine Investments call at our office.
Main St. Phone 2072

PHONE 772

E. C. SMITH E. J. AMANN

SMITH & AMANN

Brokers

Next Door Western Union Office
Members S. F. Stock Exchange
Office: S. F. Reno, Tonopah
Eastern Connections
T. J. FLYNN, Manager

ANTAL-MIDY
These tiny CAPSULES are superior to Balsam of Capivi, Cubeb or Injections, and RELIEVES in 24 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience.

J. G. THOMPSON
I. G. THOMPSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
205-2 State Bank Building
TONOPAH, NEVADA

A. Homer Black **Joe F. O'Byrne**
BLACK & O'BYRNE
MINING ENGINEERS
U. S. Mineral Surveyors
801 State Bank Building
TONOPAH, NEVADA

PHONE 2192
J. G. BROWN
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Opposite Eka's Club
TONOPAH, NEVADA

Tonopah & Tidewater RAILROAD
Train leaves Goldfield 10:10 a. m. Daily Except Sunday
CLOSE CONNECTION AT GOLDFIELD WITH T & G FROM TONOPAH 8:35 A. M.
SLEEPER FROM BEATTY Monday, Thursday and Saturday
D. ASPLAND, General Agent, Tonopah and Goldfield.

Glen Buffet
Cigar Stand in Connection
Smokes of Quality
TURN A HORN STREET AT MARKET
SAN FRANCISCO
We Serve Nothing But the Best in Our Line of Goods
A Rendezvous for the Sporting Glen
Come Once and You Will Come Often
Tonopah Bonanza on File Daily

R. FRED BROWN
STOCK BROKER
Member San Francisco Stock Exchange
332—Tonopah Phone—112
111 Main Street
TONOPAH, NEVADA

Laundry
YOU ARE JUST AS NEAR TO A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRY, AS YOU ARE TO YOUR POSTOFFICE
Send Your Bundle by Parcel Post to
TROY LAUNDRY
RENO, NEVADA

P & B Roofing Paper
LOTHROP-DAVIS CO.

Hotel Golden
LARGEST HOTEL IN THE STATE
Newly Remodeled
One half block from Depot
Rates \$1.00 to \$5.00
RENO, NEVADA